State of Connecticut CONNECTICUT HISTORICAL COMMISSION 59 South Prospect Street, Hartford 06106

HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY:

**Buildings & Structures** 

SURVEY OF GUILFORD, NEW HAVEN COUNTY, 06437

June-December 1981

1. ADDRESS 248 (Old) Whitfield Street

(map 33, lot 14)

2. NAME Rev. Henry Whitfield (historic)

NAME (common)

3. USE Private house (historic)

USE State Historic Museum (present)

4. IF MOVED, WHEN AND FROM WHERE:



FOR OFFICE USE ONLY

Site No.

IF NR SPECIF

Actual

Potential

Town No

DISTRICT

S

NR

UTM QUAD:

5. ARCHITECT

6. DATE

1639 - (?)

BUILDER STYLE

Late Medieval

7. ALTERATIONS Alterations, restorations, and re-restorations have been so extensive that little of the original fabric is now left. 19th century owners lowered the roof pitch, removed one chimney, enlarged the ell, altered fireplaces and partitions. The first restoration, by Norman Isham, took place (continued on next sheet)

8. NOTABLE FEATURES

Masonry construction -- said to be the oldest stone house in the English colonies. Immense outside chimnies with sloped weatherings; steep roof, possibly for thatch, possibly for stone. casement windows, and one angled window on (continued on next sheet)
9. ARCHITECTURAL-HISTORICAL

The date generally given is 1639, the year the colonists arrived, it being widely assumed that Whitfield readied his house instantly so he could move in before winter. But as the State's booklet (on sale at the museum) sensibly points out, it is not likely that people landing in New Haven in July would have been able to select the site of their town, lay it out, and complete a large stone house before freezing weather. Nothing is said about the house in the early records, and we can only guess when it was finished.

In its location on the edge of town and in its overall scheme of large landholdings adjacent to the house (unlike most of the colonists, whose lands were in outlots away from their homes), the Whitfield house recalls the small manor (continued on next sheet)

## 10. SOURCES

"The Henry Whitfield House," booklet available at the Whitfield House Museum, published by the Yankee Color Corporation, 1979; Isham, Norman M. and Albert F. Brown, Early Connecticut Houses; J. Frederick Kelly, article on the restoration, Old Time New England; (con't)

checked box; or, if drawn from a previous investigator, give source. 11. MATERIALS ☐ Clapboard ☐ Brick ☐ Stucco ☐ Asbestos Shingle ☐ Other: ☐ Wood Shingle ☐ Fieldstone ☐ Concrete ☐ Asphalt Siding ☐ Board & Batten Cut Stone ☐ Cobblestone ☐ Aluminum/Vinyl 12. STRUCTURE ☐ Wood Frame: ☐ Masonry ☐ Iron or Steel □ Concrete ☐ Other: Post & Beam Balloon 13. **ROOF** a. D Pitched ☐ Gable-front ☐ Hip ☐ Shed ☐ Other: ☐ Saltbox Cross-gable ☐ Flat Hip ☐ False Dormer ☐ Gambrel ☐ Mansard ☐ Flat ☐ Sawtooth b. 

Tower(s) □ Monitor ☐ Cupola ☐ Dormered Gable □ Dome c. Wood Shingle ☐ Asphalt Shingle ☐ Metal □ Slate ☐ Other: 2/2 APPROXIMATE DIMENSIONS: 14. NUMBER OF STORIES: LOT SIZE: acres 15. CONDITION: Exterior Excellent ☐ Good ☐ Fair ☐ Poor □ Bad 16. CONDITION: Structure DESCRIPTION ☐ Excellent ☐ Good ☐ Fair ☐ Poor ☐ Bad 17. OUTBUILDINGS (visible from public road) ☐ Carriage House ☐ Garage ☐ Shed(s) ☐ Shop(s) Other (well, stand, greenhouse, gazebo, privy, etc.): 18. LANDSCAPING (visible from public road) Planted Grounds ☐ Garden □ Terracing ☐ Plaza ☐ Court Stone Wall(s) ☐ Pickett Fence ☐ Iron Fence ☐ Post & Rail ☐ Other: 19. SURROUNDING ENVIRONMENT Town Street b. 

Commercial c. 🖾 Open ☐ Rural ☐ Industrial ☐ Wooded Semi-rural ☐ Agricultural ☐ Lakefront ☐ Clustered Growth Residential ☐ Coastal □ Development □ Vacation, now or originally ☐ Salt marsh ☐ Of scenic/:architectural value ☐ Of supportive value to contiguous scenic/architectural area ☐ Neutral ☐ Other: 20. ROLE OF BUILDING IN ENHANCING QUALITY OF ENVIRONMENT ☐ Important □ Supportive □ Neutral Other: 21. OWNERSHIP Public ☐ Private □ Interior accessible P. odiseus 22. Name Date Negative Roll 17:6 BY Photographer P. Odiscos COMPILED Organization: Guilford Preservation Alliance P.O. Box 199, Guilford, Conn. 06437 GIFd's Neg. Roll 17:6A 23. THREATS TO BUILDING ONLY □ None Known ☐ Highways □ Vandalism ☐ Developers □ Zoning ☐ Renewal ☐ Private Owner □ Deterioration ☐ Other: OFFICE USE 24. SUBSEQUENT EVALUATIONS

If you have not actually made certain of the answer to a given question, either leave it blank or write "inferred" after the

In all categories below, check more than one box if applicable.

FOR

7. Alterations con't.

soon after the house was acquired by the State in 1897. In time the trustees came to feel that this restoration was not adequate and was even perhaps incorrect, and a new restoration was entrusted to J. Frederick Kelly between 1931 and 1937, bringing the house to its present form.

8. Notable Features con't.

the southwest corner--an unusual feature. Sloped exterior walls, 30" at the base, 18" at the top. Outside stair tower.

9. Architectural-Historical con't.

houses of England and tells us something of the image that Whitfield and his companions thought that they were going to recreate in the wilderness. Today its brooding presence makes a strong contrast with the light frame houses that later grew up around it—a reminder of the solemnity and power of Puritan authority.

It is generally assumed that the house was originally intended for use as a fortress. But nothing in the records suggests this and the house shows no signs of having been fortified. For defense against Indians, a wooden palisade was the common English practice.

The Whitfield House is on the National Register of Historic Places. Both the house and its museum are the town's most valuable historic assets.

10. Sources con't.

J. F. Kelly, <u>Early Domestic Architecture</u>; Dorothy Whitfield Society; Connecticut Historical Commission; Tercentenary Committee; Photo: Guilford Keeping Society; Guilford Library; Dana; Colonial Dames; Anthony Garvan, <u>Architecture and Town Planning in Colonial Connecticut</u>; Federal Writers'Project. Elmer Keith, <u>Early Connecticut Architecture</u>.